## All year round – the basic diet

Below is an example of seasonal adaptation made by Södertälje municipality, located in the in the Stockholm region in Sweden. Creating your own food pyramids based on your local conditions can be an interesting learning experience!

At the top of the pyramid are products which should be consumed seldom, as they have a high environmental impact. Different conditions for food production will differentiate the pyramid according to local circumstances and seasonal variations. In the middle we put meat and other animal products from our area that can be included in the meal 2–3 times per week. At the base of the new food pyramid are foods that we can eat every day, such as local legumes, root vegetables and cereals.



## Winter – the time for root vegetables

## **DECEMBER-MARCH**

We start to empty our stocks. The base consists of root vegetables, cabbage and onions as well as cereals and legumes. To get something fresh you can choose sprouts, complemented with pickled and canned products.

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Sometimes

Frozen vegetables Frozen vegetables, e.g. green peas and green European fruits and vegetables:

Citrus fruits and kiwi

Swedish leafy greens e.g. Pak choy and mâche

Cabbage Brussels sprouts, kale, white cabbage, red cabbage, Savoy cabbage, Chinese cabbage

**Pumpkin** 

Swedish fruit

Apples

Root vegetables Jerusalem artichoke, rutabaga, carrots, parsnip, potatoes, celeriac, parsley root,

Swedish frozen berries Strawberries, raspberries, currants, cloudberry, sea buckthorn

**Canned food** 

Yellow onion, red onion, leek, garlic

Onions

**Sprouts and cress** 



Often Daily





